alia, inter-action with trade and industry. The revised edition of the Export and Import Policy & Procedures 1992-97, announced on 25.3.1996 consolidated the various amendments in the Policy implemented during 1995-96 to maintain the thrust for export growth and included introduction of Diamond Credit Pass Book Scheme, nomination of State Trading Corporation as one of the nominated agencies for supply of gold/silver to the jewellery exporters and provision for the establishment of private bonded warehouse for supply of rough diamonds to DTA and re-export to third country.

Royalty and Cess on Coal

4473. SHRI PRADIP BHATTACHARYA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Union Government have been denying the due claims of different State Governments for the cess and royalty on coal;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) the details of funds involved for each State concerning the coal royalty and coal cess?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise in view of the answer to part (a) of the question.

(c) Royalty on coal is a tax levied as per the rates fixed by the Central Government on tonnage basis on sale of coal but collected by the coal companies from the consumers and paid to the State Governments. The details of royalty payment made during the last three years by Coal India Limited (CIL) and Singareni Collieries Company Limited (SCCL) to the coal producing States are as under:-

(Rs. in Crores)

State	Amounts of royalty paid		
	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96
West Bengal	10.63	9.59	7.82
Bihar	555.05	613.18	658.33
Orissa	72.82	104.08	180.79
Maharashtra	111.09	159.70	217.90
Madhya Pradesh	369.56	438.91	666.77
Uttar Pradesh	70.59	87.39	113.50
Assam	0.44	0.42	21.59
Andhra Pradesh	291.30	144.53	175.28

Cess on coal is a tax imposed by the State Governments under the respective CessActs of the States. Cess is collected ad valorem at the rates fixed by the respective States on pit-head price of coal. The details of cess paid by CIL including adjustments against the coal sale dues during the last three years to West Bengal are as under:-

(Rs. in Crores)

Year	Amount of Cess paid to West Bengal
1993-94	376.96
1994-95	300.16
1995-96	372.05

After 4.4.1991, in view of Supreme Court decision no cess on coal was payable to any State except West Bengal on which matter a case is pending in the Supreme Court.

World Bank Assistance

4474. DR. LAXMINARAYAN PANDEY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the projects being implemented in Uttar Pradesh with World Bank assistance;

(b) the details of the sector/field in which these projects are operating; and

(c) the amount released by the World Bank for each project so far?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) to (c). The details of the projects being implemented in Uttar Pradesh with World Bank assistance are given below:-

(in US $ million)

Sl. No.	Name of Project	Sector/ Field	Amount	Cumulative Utilisation as on 31-7-1996
1.	UP Sodic Land Reclamation	Agriculture	61.851	13.607
2.	UP Primary Education	Social	181.942	65.395
3.	UP Urban Development	Urban Development	142.190	114.679
4.	UP Rural water Supply & Sanitation	Rural Water Supply	59.6	NIL (Loan became effective on 28.8.96)
	MULTISTATE			
5.	Shrimp & Fish Culture	Agriculture	98.475	9.134*
6.	States Roads	Roads	115.000	86.147*
7.	Technical Education	Social	239.490	132.620

* These figures are for the Whole project.

Besides these State/Multistates projects, there are several Central Sector projects being implemented across the country including the state of Uttar Pradesh.

CCS Payments to Exporters

4475. SHRI PRAMOTHES MUKHERJEE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of applications/representations received by each of the regional offices of DGFT particularly the Joint Director General of Foreign Trade, Cochin from various exports till August 31, 1996 for releasing the Cash Compensatory Support withheld for long;

(b) whether the Government propose to issue guidelines to settle the issue and to release the arrears of CCS as per the decision taken earlier by this Ministry/DGFT; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI BOLLA BULLI RAMAIAH) (a) to (c). Cash Compensatory Support (CCS) was withdrawn with effect from 03.7.1991 and the last date for making applications for CCS against exports made upto 2.7.1991 was 31.12.92. Applications for grant of CCS received by the due date have been disposed of. In some cases where the claims had been rejected, representations/appeals were received for grant of CCS. They were also considered and disposed on merits. In some cases where CCS payments had been made, the Audit had raised objections some of which were taken up with the Audit and the position clarified. Wherever the Audit did not agree to drop the objections, recoveries were made by inter-alia, adjustments against other pending claims. In so, far as Office of the Jt. DGFT, Cochin is concerned, according to available information, during the period 01.4.1996 to 31.7.1996 the said office had received a representation in this regard from M/s Balmer Lawrie & Co., a Public Sector Undertaking. In this case, the Principal Director of Audit, Madras had raised an Audit, Objection on overpayment of CCS to the company. The Govt. had taken up the matter with the Principal Director of Audit, Madras who confirmed the objection. Consequently, the overpayment of CCS was adjusted against other pending claims of the party and the audit objection has accordingly been settled.

High Court Benches

4476. SHRI A. SAMPATH: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state: